BandFolio Band Method Book 2

To the student:

Congratulations on completing beginning band! I am sure that you learned a great deal about music and your instrument. Now it is time to build on that knowledge, and take your musicianship to the next level. You will have many more performance opportunities, and you will find greater musical challenges in the year ahead.

The key to continued success in band is practice. Your band director will recommend how much time you should practice each day. Keep these tips in mind during each practice session:

- Warm up. your band director will recommend a procedure for preparing your body and your instrument to play.
- Set a goal for each practice session.
- Practice the hard sections first, and break them down into smaller parts. Then put the parts together.
- Play something fun at the end of each practice session.
- Practice every day.

Continue working with your band director and your classmates, and you will begin to see and hear big improvements in the quality of your band. Good luck, and have fun!

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Jim Evans

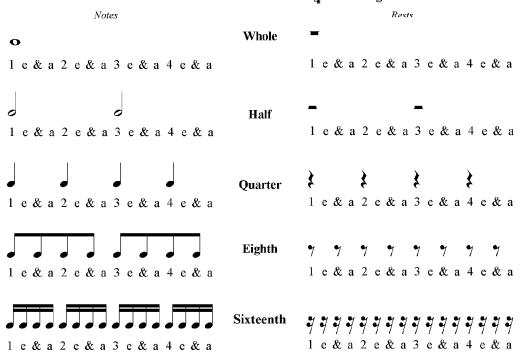


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Reference Page

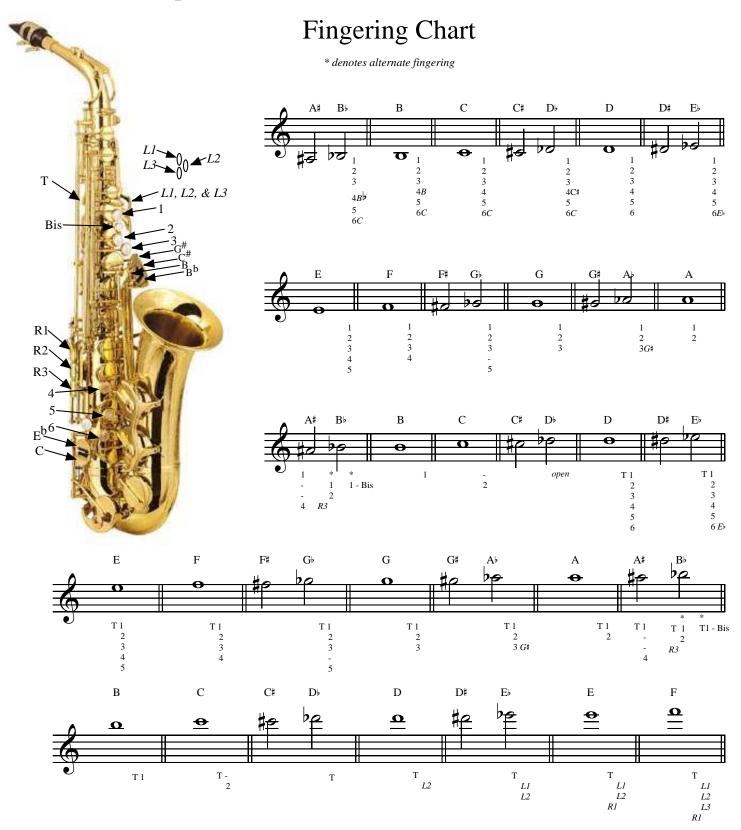
Baritone Saxophone

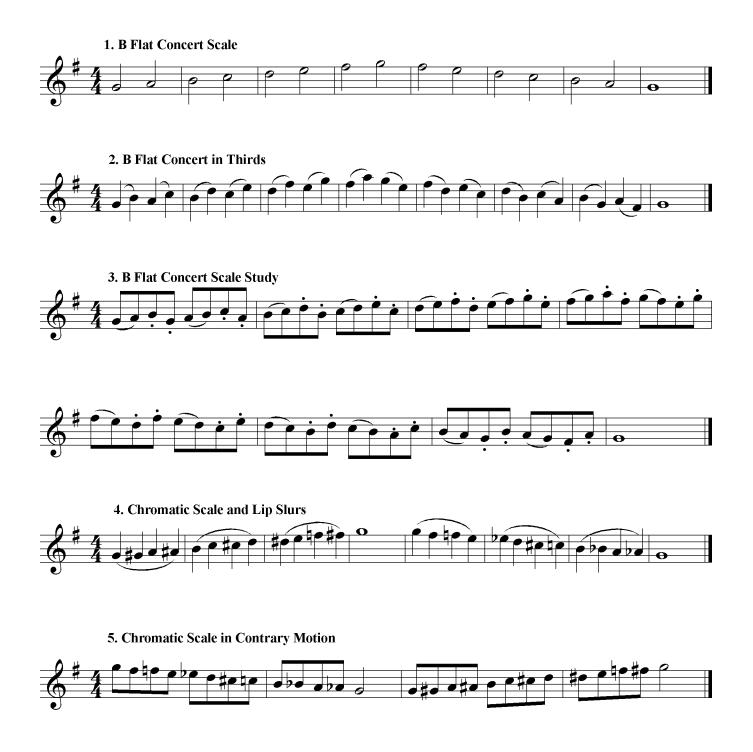
Relative Values of Notes and Rests in ⁴/₄ Meter Signature



Relative Values of Notes and Rests in § Meter Signature

Notes	Rests
1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & Dotted Half	 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 &
 . 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & Dotted Quarter 	} • } • 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 &
1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & Quarter	I I <thi< th=""> I I I</thi<>
1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & Eighth	Y Y Y Y Y Y 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 &
1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & Sixteenth	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7





Interval

The distance between two notes on a staff. You can figure out an interval by counting the lines and spaces from the first note to the second note. Be sure to count from the location of the first note.

6. Perfect Authentic Cadence in B Flat Concert



7. G Minor Concert Scale (Harmonic)



G Minor is the *relative* minor of Bb Major. They share the same key signature.

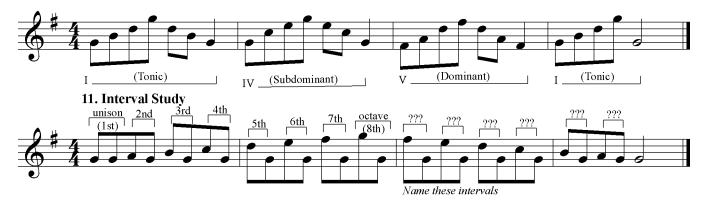
8. Perfect Authentic Cadence in G Minor Concert



9. Expanding Interval Slurs



10. Arpeggios (I-IV-V-I)





13. E Flat Concert in Thirds





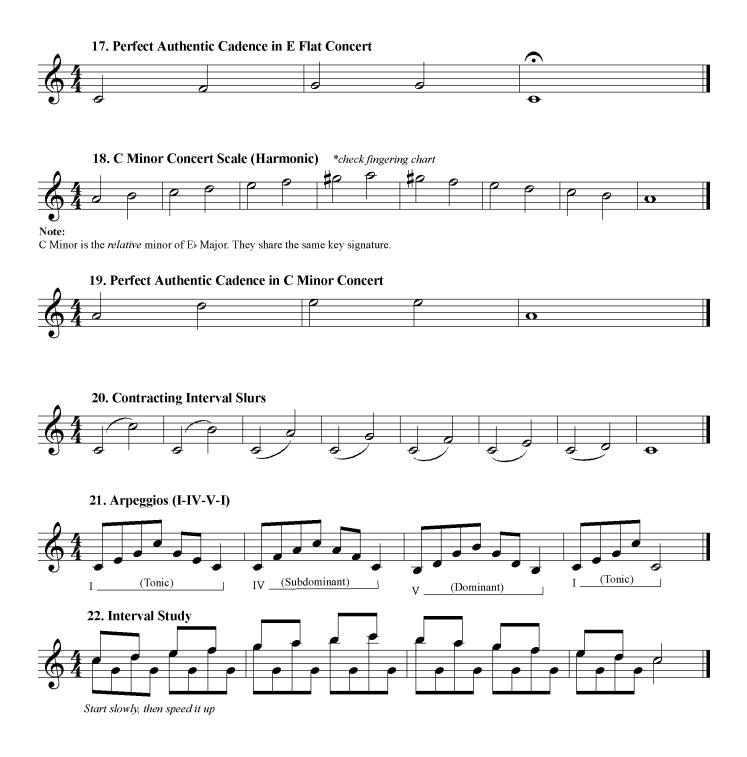


15. Chromatic Scale and Lip Slurs

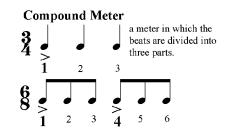


16. Chromatic Scale in Contrary Motion





Key Signature F Concert Your Key of D Review





24. F Concert in Thirds



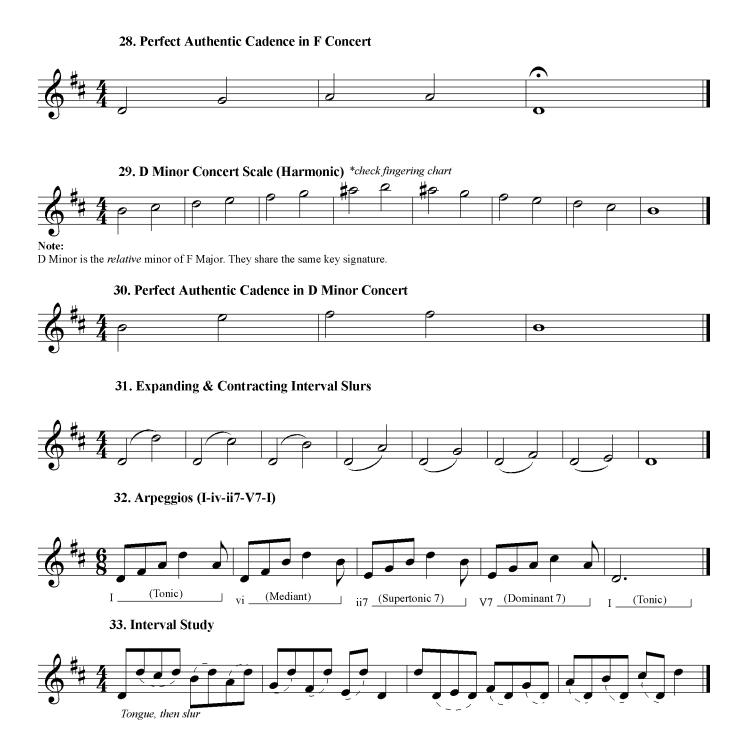














 $\frac{3}{1 \text{ temporary division of the beat into three parts.}}$ 1 trip - let 2 trip - let 3 trip - let 4 trip - letBaritone Saxophone $\frac{3}{1 \text{ k} 2 \text{ k} 3 \text{ k} 4 \text{ k}}$ 38. Compound Meter



39. More Compound Meter



40. A New Meter Signature









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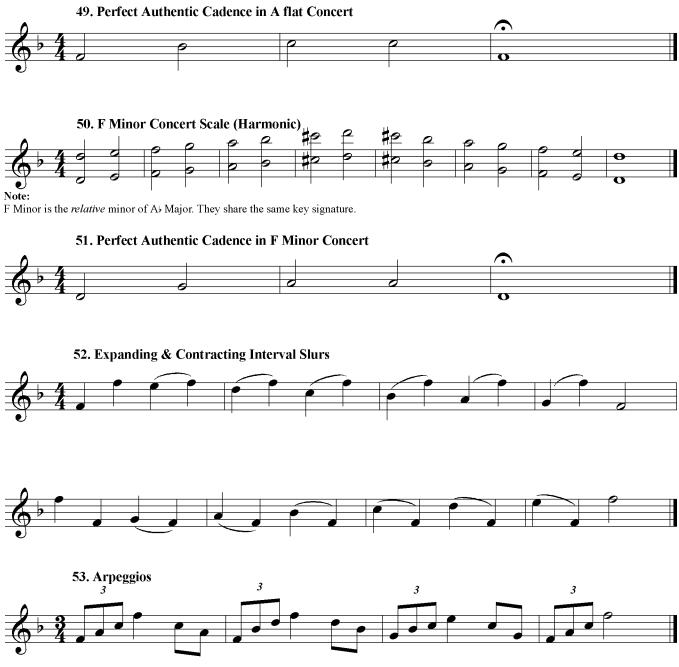




47. Chromatic Scale and Lip Slurs





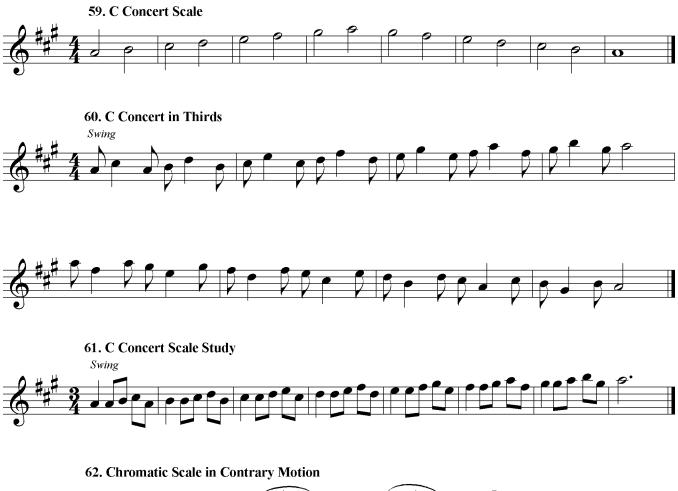


Can you identify the function of these arpeggios?



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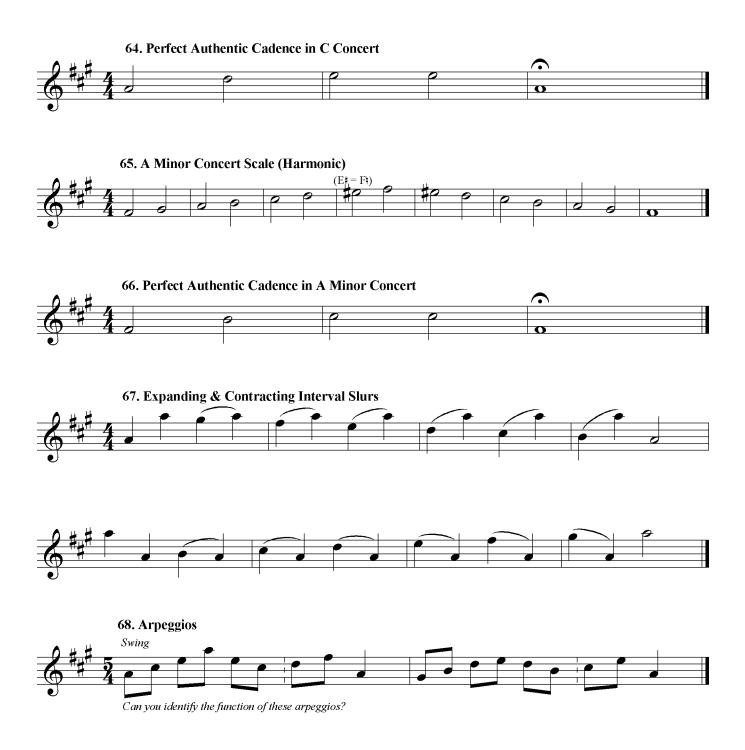








Note: A Minor is the *relative* minor of C Major. They share the same key signature.





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Note: This page is missing its key signatures. Try to determine what key these pieces are in by experimenting. When you discover what key the piece is is, write in the key signature.

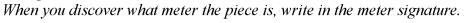


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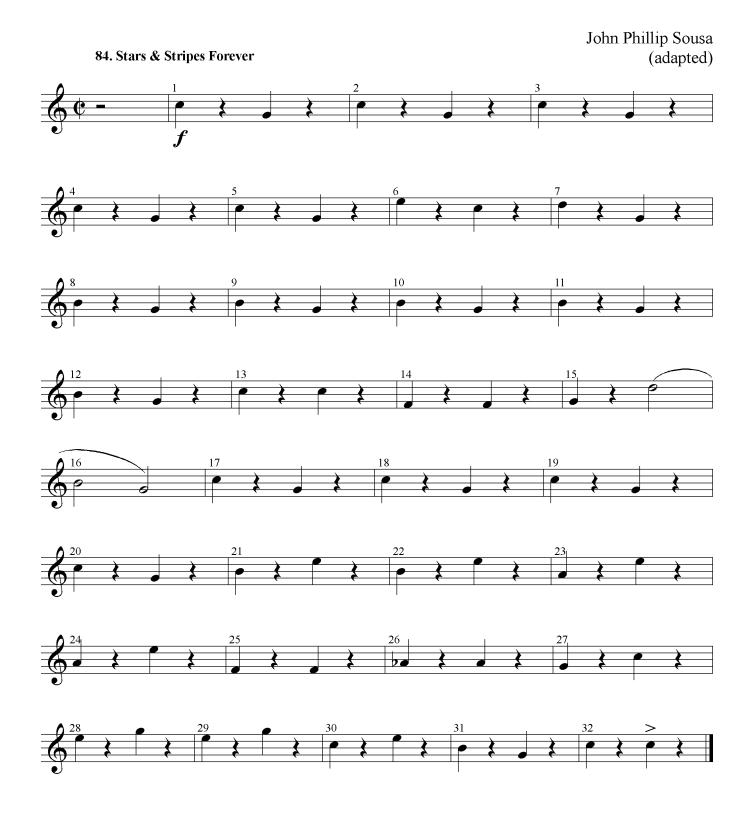
Note:

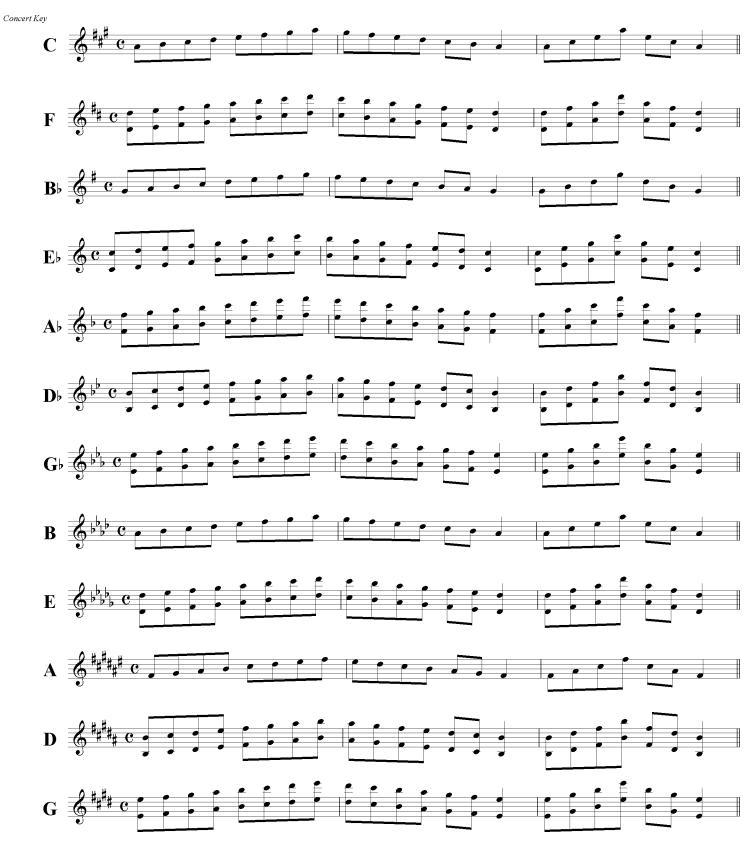
This page is missing its meter signatures. Try to determine what meter these pieces are in.

Baritone Saxophone





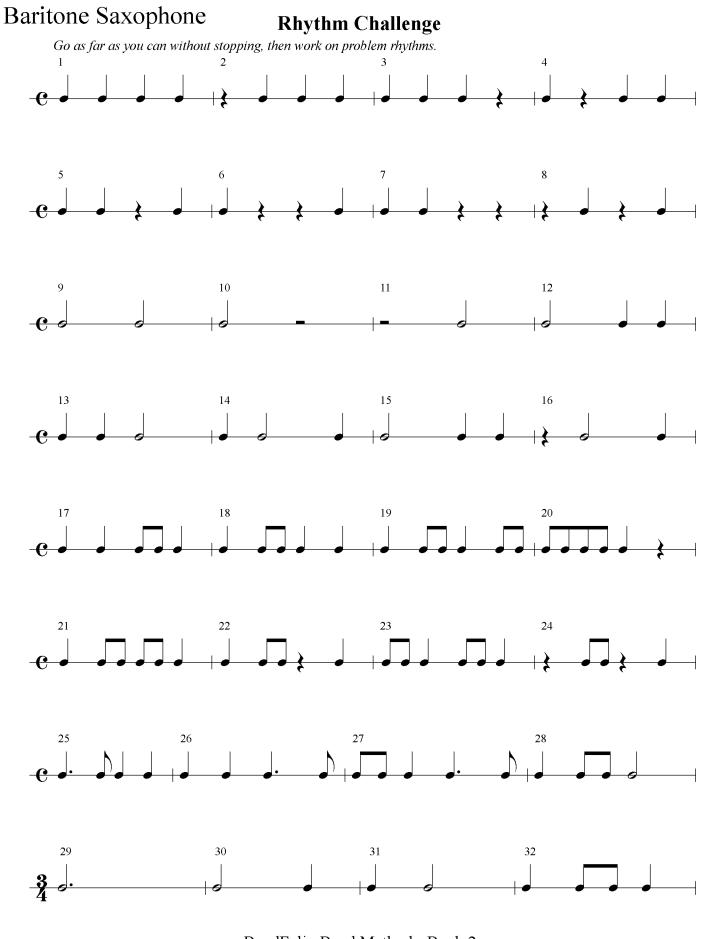




12 Major Scales and Arpeggios



12 Harmonic Minor Scales and Arpeggios



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Rhythm Challenge







